

Canadian Hockey Officiating Program
2002/2003 Level IV-V Exam



Directions

1. This exam consists of 50 questions.
2. You will be given ninety minutes to complete the examination.
3. SRD means "State Referee's Decision".
4. Print your name and level on the answer sheet provided. Do not put any marks on the examination booklet.
5. Hand in both the answer sheet and the examination booklet when you have finished.
6. The percentage required to successfully complete the theory portion is as follows:

Level IV 80% (40/50)

Level V 90% (45/50)

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National Level IV-V Exam

1. Rule 18(f) What penalty(ies) shall be assessed any Captain, Alternate Captain or other player who leaves his players' bench to discuss any interpretation of the rules with the Referee? SRD
2. Rule 19(f) Note 1 In the course of making a substitution, the player entering the game intentionally plays the puck with her stick, skates or hands or intentionally checks or makes any physical contact with an opposing player while the player leaving the game is actually on the ice. SRD
3. Rule 20(f) If an injured penalized player returns to the players' bench before his penalty has expired, he shall take his place in the penalty bench or replace the player substituting for him on the penalty bench during the first stoppage of play. If he takes part in the play before his penalty has expired, what course of action would the Referee follow? SRD
4. Rule 20(g), Situation 4 Anytime that a Trainer comes onto the ice to attend to a player, the player (excluding a goaltender) shall be classified as injured and must leave the ice until play resumes. What penalty(ies) shall be assessed for a violation of this rule? SRD
5. Rule 23, Situation 2 When a goaltender's pads are measured and found to be illegal, the goaltender will be penalized, and shall:
 1. remove and change the pads or;
 2. tape or tie the pads in a manner that they conform to the measurement required.The goaltender shall be assessed another Minor penalty if the opposing team requests another measurement and the pads are again found to be illegal. If, following this second Minor penalty, the goaltender refuses to change or adjust the pads when ordered to do so by the Referee, what additional penalty(ies) shall be assessed? SRD
6. Rule 24(d) What course of action should be followed, where a player wears his helmet and/or facial protector in an offset position during play? SRD
7. Rule 24(b), Situation 3 Prior to the commencement of play, what action should the Referee or Linesman take in cases where a player's chin strap is not securely fastened? SRD
8. Rule 25(e), Situation 3 Where a player has been assessed a Minor penalty for the use of dangerous equipment, it means that the player has

come back on the ice after being previously warned by the Referee, as covered in the rules. If the player comes out to play again after serving the penalty (for using dangerous equipment) and is still using the same piece of equipment, what penalty(ies) should be assessed? SRD

9. Rule 28, Situation 20 At the 6:00 mark, A3 is assessed 2+2. At the 5:00 mark, B7 scores, but before play resumes B8 is assessed a Minor penalty. Are the Minor penalties to A3 and B8 considered coincidental or do they play 4 on 4 with two minutes showing on each team's penalty time clock? SRD

10. Rule 30, Situation 14 The Referee has assessed a player a Minor penalty and it is announced as a Minor. He then realizes that the penalized player, having injured an opponent, should have received a Major and Game Misconduct. Should the Referee change the penalty from a Minor to a Major and Game Misconduct? SRD

11. Rule 35, Situation 3 Note 4 A player of the opposing team distracts a player taking a Penalty Shot. What penalty(ies) are to be assessed? SRD

12. Rule 36(c), Situation 8 A team has removed their goaltender in favour of an extra player. With the goaltender off the ice, an opponent, who has control of the puck in his attacking zone, shoots the puck towards the open goal. Subsequently, a defending player deliberately pulls or knocks the goal off its mooring(s), preventing a goal. SRD

13. Rule 37(e), Situation 4 A goaltender whose skates are over the centre red line plays the puck which is still on her own team's side of the centre red line. Is this legal? SRD

14. Rule 38(e) When a Major penalty and a Minor penalty are assessed at the same time against two different players of the same team, which penalty shall the Penalty Timekeeper record as being the first penalty assessed? SRD

15. Rule 39(b), Situation 5 Team "A" has a player serving a Minor penalty (time penalty). The Referee signals a delayed penalty against a player of Team "A". Another player on Team "A" throws her stick at the puck in her own defending zone. Team "B" scores a goal before play is stopped. Is a Penalty Shot awarded? SRD

16. Rule 39, Situation 17 A player is injured by a high stick. This action is observed by the Linesman, but not the Referee. The Linesman is unable to identify the offending player. SRD

17. Rule 41(e), Situation 1 As the rule states, the Referee shall give the final decision in the matter of disputed goals. Is it up to the Referee's discretion whether or not she consults the Linesmen or Goal Judge? SRD

18. Rule 42(d), Situation 8 Can a Linesman report a "Checking from Behind" infraction? SRD

19. Rule 45(f), Situation 1 A player is assessed third stick infraction penalty during the same game. However, that player has not been assessed a Game Ejection penalty (as required by Rule 28(f)). The Referee is not aware of the fact that the player has received the three stick infraction penalties in the same game. If this situation is brought to the Referee's attention prior to the completion of the game, what action should the Referee take? SRD

20. Rule 47(i) Note What penalty(ies) shall be assessed a team where a player on the penalty bench protests an official's ruling through verbal or physical gestures that may be considered disrespectful in any way, or who bangs the boards or ice surface with a stick or any other object in protest of the ruling. SRD

21. Rule 47(a), Situation 8 In cases where a single Minor penalty has been assessed and the penalized player is guilty of unsportsmanlike conduct, the Referee is encouraged to assess the additional Minor penalty for "Unsportsmanlike Conduct". However, if a teammate on the ice is guilty of unsportsmanlike conduct, what penalty(ies) should the Referee assess? SRD

22. Rule 48(c), Situation 2 Can a Trainer attend an injured goaltender who is in his crease, without the goaltender having to retire from the ice and his place taken by the alternate goaltender? SRD

23. Rule 48(c), Situation 6 A team requests that the pads of the opposing goaltender be measured by the Referee. The Referee, who measures the pads in the Referee's crease, finds them to be illegal and assesses the Minor penalty under Rule 23(c). Since the goaltender is permitted to continue to wear such pads provided they are adjusted to the correct measurements, can that goaltender go to his players' bench to correct the size of the pads, without having to be replaced by the substitute? SRD

24. Rule 49(a), Situation 4 If a player, reacting to verbal abuse, goes into the stands to get at a spectator, what penalty(ies) must the Referee assess. SRD

25. Rule 51(a), Note When a player discards the broken portions of the stick by tossing them to the side of the rink (not over the boards) in such a way that they do not interfere with play or opposing players, what penalty(ies) shall be assessed? SRD
26. Rule 51 (e) What penalty(ies) shall be assessed to a goaltender who goes to the players' bench during a stoppage of play for a replacement of her stick? SRD
27. Rule 51(a)(b), Situation 7 Is there a limit to the number of times that sticks can be exchanged from player to player on the ice where one player is participating without a stick? SRD
28. Rule 53(b) Clarification 5 If a player is cross-checked from behind into the boards or the goal net, what penalty(ies) shall be called. SRD
29. Rule 54, Situation 1 If during the cross-checking action, a player contacts an opponent with his fists or gloves, then what penalty(ies) should be assessed. SRD
30. Rule 55(c), Situation 1 Can a goal be scored at one end of the ice, even though the net at the opposite end has been displaced? SRD
31. Rule 55(e), Situation 3 Where reference is made in the rules to the "last two minutes of regular playing time", for the purpose of awarding a Penalty Shot, does this begin at 2:00, or 1:59? SRD
32. Rule 57(i) When a goal is illegally scored as a result of the puck being deflected off the Referee or Linesman DIRECTLY into the net, where will the resulting face-off be conducted? SRD
33. Rule 57, Situation 9 The Linesman signals a delayed off-side. The defending team creates an off-side pass at the centre red line. Where does the face-off take place? SRD
34. Rule 59(b)(d), Situation 6 What is the penalty for a player on the ice becoming involved in a fight with a coach on the bench? SRD
35. Rule 59, Situation 16 A fight occurs in the game and, in a short period of time, all 10 players on the ice as well as the goaltenders become involved in fights. No player from either team leaves their bench. SRD

36. Rule 60(a), Situation 1 A goal is scored at the end of the second period (0:01) and the buzzer sounds to end the period (the goal was scored before the buzzer sounds and the Referee allows the goal to count). Is it necessary to have a face-off to complete the period? SRD
37. Rule 60(e), Situation 4 The puck is shot by either an attacking or defending player and hits an official. After hitting the official, the puck hits the boards then rebounds into the goal. SRD
38. Rule 61(e), Situation 5 If an attacking player bats the puck and it is deflected into the goal by any player (attacking or defending) or goalkeeper the goal shall NOT be allowed. Where is the subsequent face-off located? SRD
39. Rule 61, Situation 7 When a player in the neutral zone hand passes the puck back into her defending zone where a teammate gains possession and control of the puck, play would continue. For the purpose of this rule, is the position of the puck, or of the player's skates, used to determine which zone the player is in when the hand pass is completed? SRD
40. Rule 62(b) In Junior and Senior hockey, at the discretion of the Referee, a player who causes injury by an accidental high stick, may be assessed what penalty? SRD
41. Rule 62(d)(e), Situation 9 Where a puck is contacted with a high stick, then deflects off an opposing player into the goal of that team, what course of action should the Referee follow? SRD
42. Rule 66(f), Situation 10 A goaltender in her crease has piled snow near the goal posts and goal line. The opposing team shoots the puck, which in the opinion of the Referee is prevented from entering the goal by the piled
43. Rule 69, Situation 2 A stick is lying on the ice and an attacking player kicks the stick which in turn hits the puck and the puck goes directly into the goal. SRD
44. Rule 70, Situation 15 Where a player returns to the ice from the penalty box through his own error, before his penalty has expired and the other team scores a goal while he is still illegally on the ice. Does the goal count and would it cancel the penalty? SRD
45. Rule 70(a), Situation 16 On a stoppage of play, Team A8 comes off the players' bench as a player change. Before play resumes he becomes

involved in a fight with Team B6. What penalties are assessed if a fight takes place with Team B6 being the instigator? SRD

46. Rule 72, Situation 20 When a penalty is over, can the player coming out of the box wait until the puck crosses the blue line before coming onto the ice, to change the fact that he is off-side? SRD

47. Rule 72, Situation 24 A delayed off-side is signaled by the Linesman. Attacking players A5 and A8 leave the attacking zone into the neutral zone ("tagging up"). Attacking player A10 leaves the ice inside the attacking zone, and goes into his players' bench. The puck is still in the attacking zone. SRD

48. Rule 78(c) If a team is withdrawn from the ice a SECOND TIME within the same game, what penalty(ies) should be assessed. SRD

49. Rule 82, Situation 9 Can a Linesman report a stick throwing infraction when a player has thrown his stick at the puck or puck carrier and the Referee has not observed this infraction? SRD

50. Rule 85(a)(b), Situation 3 What penalties could be assessed to a player who uses his feet to knock an opponents skates out from under him with a kicking or leg dragging motion from behind ("slew footing"), or dives at an opponent's feet which results in the player being knocked off his feet. SRD