## **Hockey Canada Officiating Program**

2010 Level IV/V Examination



## **Directions**

- 1. This exam consists of 50 questions.
- 2. Print your name and your branch on the front of the booklet.
- 3. You will be given ninety minutes to complete this examination.
- 4. This examination is a "SRD", "State Referee's Decision". Please provide us with what you would do as the Referee in each question.
- 5. The percentage required for certification is 90% for Level V officials and 80% for Level IV officials.





1. [Rule 3.3(a) Situation 3] Can a player on the ice carry two player's sticks so that she can give one to a teammate who has lost or broken her stick? SRD

2. [Rule 9.2(a) Situation 8] In cases where a single Minor penalty has been assessed and the penalized player is guilty of Unsportsmanlike Conduct, or a team mate on the ice is guilty of Unsportsmanlike Conduct, officials are encouraged to assess what penalty or penalties? SRD

3. [Rule 5.6(f) Situation 1] A player on Team A is assessed a cross-checking penalty at 8:44 of the  $2^{nd}$  period. After serving his penalty he returns to the ice and assists on a goal for his team. At the 2:15 mark of the same period he is assessed a slashing minor. At this time the timekeeper informs the referee that this is the player's  $4^{th}$  stick penalty and he should have been assessed a Game Ejection after his cross-checking penalty at 8:44. SRD





4. [Rule 4.10(a)(2) Sit. 5] The goaltender has been removed and an opposing player obtains a breakaway in the neutral or attacking zone. He shoots the puck towards the open goal. A defending player throws his stick at the shot puck. SRD

5. [Rule 3.6(g) Situation 23] A player is wearing the mouth guard in a manner that is careless or clearly not within the intended guidelines. SRD

6. [Rule 4.10(c) Situation 6] The goaltender is on the ice, but away from his goal crease. A player of the opposing team takes possession and control of the puck and actually shoots it towards the open goal. As the puck is about to enter the open goal, a defending player knocks the net off its moorings. SRD

7. [Rule 3.7(b()(e)] A player is identified to be wearing a sweater that has been modified with Velcro tear away sleeves. What procedure should be followed in dealing with this? SRD





8. [Rule 5.3(d) Sit. 6] In a Jr. game a Linesman is about to report a penalty for High Sticking but before he does so, the offending team scores a goal. SRD.

9. [Rule 4.9(a) Sit. 7] On a Penalty Shot, as the player approaches the goal, the goaltender poke checks the puck. The puck bounces past the goaltender toward the net. The player regains the puck and directs it into the goal. SRD - (include explanation for your call.)

10. [Rule 6.7(c) Sit. 9] Two players are fighting on the ice, close to the players' bench and a player on the bench intervenes in the fight and becomes a participant. SRD

11. [Rule 4.6(a) Rule 4.2(f)] A player incurring a Game Ejection penalty in accordance with Rule 4.2(f) - Minor penalties, shall be ordered to the dressing room for the remainder of the game. State the Minor penalties that are required for the Game Ejection call.





12. [Rule 10.2(e) Situation 13] The Referee has signaled a Delayed penalty against the attacking team. The defending team (non-offending team) has control of the puck in its own defending zone and is then responsible for the stoppage of play in its own defending zone. Where does the face-off take place?

13. [Rule 6.7 Situation 21] Two willing combatants each drop their gloves and square off to fight. The player of Team "A" knocks the player of Team "B" down with the first punch. SRD

14. [Rule 9.8 Situation 5] A stick is thrown to a player on the ice by a team mate who is also on the ice. The player picks up the stick. SRD

15. [Rule 4.13(b) Situation 4] Team "A" is serving a Minor penalty. The Referee signals a delayed penalty calling for a Penalty Shot against a player on Team "A". Team "B" scores a goal prior to the stoppage of play. SRD





16. [Rule 4.13 Situation 17] A player is injured by a high stick. This action is observed by the Linesman, but not the Referee. The Linesman is unable to identify the offending player. SRD

17. [Rule 4.10(a)(2) Situation 4] The goaltender has been removed and an opposing player gains possession and control of the puck on a breakaway in the neutral or attacking zone. The puck is knocked off the stick of the player in control by a stick thrown by a defending player. The attacking player is not interfered with and could regain possession of the puck easily. SRD

18. [Rule 7.3 Situation 1] A player of the attacking team enters the opponent's goal crease illegally with the puck in the attacking zone. The defending goaltender slashes him. The Referee signals a Delayed penalty on the goaltender and subsequently the attacking team scores a goal while the Delayed penalty is still on and the player is still in the crease. Is the goal allowed? Is the penalty to the goaltender assessed?

19. [Rule 3.6(b)(f)Situation 20] A goal is scored by Team "A" and Team "B" directs the Referees' attention to the fact that the player scoring the goal has his chin strap undone. SRD





20. [Rule 7.3(b)] An attacking player who, while his team has possession of the puck, is tripped by a defending player. He fails to attempt to avoid making contact with the goaltender, and a goal is scored by his team. SRD

21. [Rule 6.5 Situation 1] The Referee has signalled a delayed Minor penalty for Checking to the Head on a player from Team "A". Team "B" scores before the play is stopped. SRD

22. [Rule 10.14(a)] A team is withdrawn from the ice in the last minute of regular playing time, and is warned to return by the Referee. The team then returns. SRD

23. [Rule 10.10(a)(2) Situation 5] The goaltender has been removed and an opposing player obtains a breakaway in the neutral or attacking zone. He shoots the puck toward the open goal. A defending player throws his stick at the shot puck. SRD





ADA			
[Rule	4.12	Situation	1]
A7 -	2:00		8:00
A9 –	2:00		7 <b>:</b> 20
A12-	2:00		7:00
	[Rule A7 - A9 -		[Rule 4.12 Situation A7 - 2:00 A9 - 2:00

Assuming that no goals are scored during the above situation and there are no stoppages of play after 7:00, at what time would each Team "A" player come back on the ice from the penalty bench? SRD

25. [Rule 4.13 (b) Situation 8] A delayed penalty is to be called against Team "A". Team "B" scores before the stoppage of play. Team "A" requests a measurement of the stick of the player on Team "B" scoring the goal. SRD

26. [Rule 4.4(b) Situation 11]

A 3 - 5 + 2 + GM A 4 - 5 + 2 + 2 + GM SRD B 7 - 5 + 2 + GM B 8 - 5 + 5 + GM + GM





27. [Rule 9.5(d)(e) Situation 1] A player who enters the game illegally from the penalty bench, by reason of a Timekeepers' error, checks a player who has a clean breakaway, in the neutral or attacking zone. SRD

28. [Rule 9.6 Situation 1] A player in the penalty box grabs an off-ice official. SRD

29. [Rule 5.7 Sit. 1] A player is on a breakaway with the opposing goaltender in his net and the buzzer sounds causing a stoppage of play. The buzzer sounding was due to a timekeeper error or mechanical failure. In the referee's judgment, there was sufficient time on the clock for the breakaway to have been completed. SRD

30. [Rule 4.9 Situation 2] In order to assess a Penalty Shot as a result of a foul against the puck carrier, what five conditions must be met?





31. [Rule 7.3 Situation 3] A player with a stick in his hands shoots a broken stick on the ice at an opposing player and hits the opponent. SRD

32. [Rule 4.2 Situation 20] At the 6:00 mark, A3 is assessed a double Minor penalty. At the 5:00 mark, B7 scores, but before play resumes, B8 is assessed a Minor penalty. SRD.

33. [Rule 10.4 Situation 10] Team "A" shoots the puck at the goal of Team "B". The puck enters the net, but immediately bounces out again without the Referee seeing the goal. Before play is stopped Team "B" scores a goal. On the stoppage the Linesman reports he saw the puck enter the net on Team "A"'s shot. SRD

34. [Rule 8.2(b)] A player contacts an opponent above the normal height of his shoulders with a high stick. SRD for both Minor Hockey and Junior Hockey.





35. [Rule 3.3(e)] A player deliberately breaks a stick when asked to produce the same stick for a measurement. SRD

36. [Rule 6.5 Situation 2] What are the five guidelines a referee uses for goaltender infractions in the use of blocker infractions on an opponent. SRD

37. [Rule 4.7(b) Situation 3] A player or team official is identified for spraying water out of a drinking bottle on a Linesman. SRD

38. [Rule 10.3(b) Situation 3] A goaltender comes out of her crease to beat an attacking player to the puck and simply jumps on the puck, causing a stoppage of play. SRD





39. [Rule 10.4 Situation 3] Early in the third period a goal is scored. On checking, the Referee is notified that the clock had stopped and was not running when the goal was scored. SRD

40. [Rule 8.1 Situation 1] A player is in the act of Cross-Checking an opponent. When this act is observed by the Referee, he sees that the hands hit the player rather than the stick. SRD

41. [Rule 8.2(a) Situation 2] A player high sticks the puck and then on the follow through hits an opposing player above the shoulder however no injury resulted. SRD

42. [Rule 3.2(b) Situation 1] During play, a player on the penalty bench hands a stick to a teammate on the ice, whose stick has been broken. SRD





43. [Rule 3.6(c) Situation 4] A player of Team A loses his helmet and due to an apparent injury, is unable to properly replace the helmet or go to the players' bench. Team B obtains a breakaway in the neutral or attacking zone. SRD

44. [Rule 6.4 Clarification 5] The Home Team is on the attack, with #92 outside the goal crease running a screen on the goaltender. Number 12, of the Visiting Team skates some distance and while in motion, cross checks #92 from behind dropping him to the ice. SRD

45. [Rule 2.6(g) Situation 2] Due to an injured player, the Referee stops play. Upon recovering and play resuming, the injured player scores a goal shortly after the resumption of play. The injured player did not leave the ice after the stoppage of play due to his injury. The opposing team appeals to the Referee. SRD

46. [Rule 4.11(a) Situation 2] A goaltender has been assessed a Misconduct. The player who had been designated to serve the goaltender's penalty is already on the penalty bench. Before play resumes, the goaltender is assessed another Misconduct (automatic Game Misconduct). SRD



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47. [Rule 5.6 Situation 1] After a game, you are in the dressing room when the losing coach asks to speak to you. He points out that one of the opposition's players had received three stick infractions but no Game Ejection, and had gone on to assist on the winning goal. SRD

48. [Rule 10.12(b) Situation 1] A second puck appears on the ice while play is in progress. A player takes control of this second puck and shoots it toward a player of the opposing team who is in control of the puck and on a breakaway in the neutral zone. SRD

49. [Rule 10.17 Situation 1] Each team may have one thirty second time-out per game, including any overtime. A team has taken their time-out and during this same stoppage of play the opposition team requests to take their time-out. SRD

50. [Rule 10.3(c) Note 1] The Home team pulls their goaltender for an extra attacker. The play comes back into the Home teams end. The Visiting Team takes a shot at the Home Teams net. The puck is stopped and drops to the ice in the goal crease. A Home Team player deliberately falls on the puck. SRD