

## HOCKEY ALBERTA REFEREES' COUNCIL LEVEL 4/5 SRD EXAM

## INSTRUCTIONS READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. This exam consists of 50 questions. You will have one hour to complete the exam
- 2. Please put your answers on the answer sheet and do not forget to put your name on the answer sheet.
- 3. Do not write on the exam. It must be handed in at the end of the test and will be reused.
- 4. SRD means state referees decision. This means you should describe how you would handle the situation, and in particular what penalties would be assessed and to whom.
- 5. When listing penalties, you must list the class of penalty (minor, bench minor, etc). The infraction is not necessary unless asked for.
- 6. If you are asked what penalties should be assessed, give all options. For example "M inor or Major and Game Misconduct at referees discretion"
- 7. With concidental penalties where time is being served, don't forget to state the player that serves the penalty time and for which player it is being served.
- 8. In penalty questions GM stands for Game Misconduct.
- 9. Pass marks are 80% for Level 4 and 90% for Level 5

- 1. Can a playing coach act as a captain or alternate captain?
- 2. The captain comes off his players' bench at a stoppage to question the Referee, but the referee does not allow him to ask the question. He skates back to his bench to talk to his coach and leaves the ice. **SRD**
- 3. A goaltender is on his way to the bench to be replaced by an extra attacker. When he is within 10 feet of the bench a substitute comes onto the ice. The opposing team gains possession and control of the puck and gets a breakaway. The goaltender who has not left the ice throws her stick at the puck carrier in the neutral Zone. **SRD**
- **4.** If a trainer comes onto the ice to attend to an injured goalkeeper. Can the goalkeeper remain on the ice without being replaced by the substitute?
- **5.** What action does a Referee take when a Captain or Assistant Captain asks for a measurement of any players stick for the curvature?
- **6.** Prior to the commencement of play at a stoppage, what action should the Referee or Linesman take in cases where a player's chin strap is not securely fastened?
- 7. A player of Team A loses his helmet and due to an apparent injury, is unable to properly replace the helmet or go to the players' bench. Team B obtains a breakaway in the neutral or attacking zone. **SRD**
- **8.** At the 6:00 mark, A3 is assessed 2+2. At the 5:00 mark, B7 scores, but before play resumes B8 is assessed a Minor penalty. Are the Minor penalties to A3 and B8 considered coincidental or do they play 4 on 4 with two minutes showing on each team's penalty time clock?
- **9.** A player has received a Minor penalty for high sticking and a Minor penalty for slashing earlier. He now receives a Minor penalty for butt end hooking. **SRD**
- 10. These penalties all occur at the 5:00 minute mark of the second period. SRD

A6: 5 + 2 + GM B11: 5 + 5 + 2 + 2 + GM + GM

A7: 5 + GM B12: 5 + 5 + GM + GM

A8: 5 + GM

11. The following penalties are assessed at the same stoppage. **SRD.** 

A 3: 5 + 2 + GM B 7: 2 A 6: 5 + 2 + 2 + GM B 8: 2

A 9: 5 + GM B 11: 5 + 2 + GM

B 12: 5 + 5 + 2 + GM + GM

- **12.** Player A6 receives a Major and automatic Game Misconduct for high sticking. At the same stoppage he gets in a fight B12. There was no instigator. **SRD**
- **13.** In order to assess a Penalty Shot as a result of a foul against the puck carrier, what 5 conditions must be met?

- **14.** On a Penalty Shot, as the player approaches the goal, the goaltender poke checks the puck. The puck bounces past the goaltender toward the net. The player regains the puck and directs it into the net. Is it a goal?
- **15.** The goaltender has been removed and an opposing player obtains a breakaway in his neutral or attacking zone. He shoots the puck towards the open goal. A defending player throws his stick at the shot puck in his defending zone. **SRD**
- **16.** During the second period, the goaltender is on the ice but away from his goal crease. A player of the opposing team takes possession and control of the puck and actually shoots it towards the open goal. As the puck is about to enter the open goal, a defending player knocks the net off its moorings. **SRD**
- 17. A goaltender whose skates are over the centre red line plays the puck which is still on his team's side of the centre red line. **SRD**
- **18.** The following penalties were assessed to Team "A". What time does each player return to the ice if the next stoppage of play is 2:50? **SRD**

A 12:	2:00 minutes	@	12:00
A 10:	5:00  minutes + GM	@	11:30
A4:	2:00 minutes	@	11:00
A8:	5:00  minutes + GM	@	10:30

- 19. Team "A" has a player serving a Minor penalty (time penalty). The Referee signals a delayed penalty against a player of Team "A". Another player on Team "A" throws her stick at the puck in her own defending zone. Team "B" scores a goal before play is stopped. **SRD**
- **20.** Team A #10 receives a Minor penalty at 4:30. Team B #4 receives a Minor penalty at 3:30. The referee signals a delayed Minor penalty against Team A #6. Team B scores at 3:00 before the referee has stopped play for the delayed minor to A6. **SRD**.
- **21.** Can a referee assess a "Checking from Behind" penalty for an infraction reported by a linesman and if so under what conditions?
- 22. In cases where a Minor penalty has been assessed and the penalized player is guilty of unsportsmanlike conduct, the Referee is encouraged to assess the additional Minor penalty for "Unsportsmanlike Conduct". However, if a teammate on the ice is guilty of unsportsmanlike conduct, what penalty(ies) should the Referee assess?
- **23.** A player grabs an opponent's hair, facial protector, helmet or chin strap, but does not use it to gain an advantage or to inflict punishment or injury. What penalty(ies) shall be assessed?

- **24.** What penalty(ies) shall be assessed any player who body checks an opponent in any such manner that causes the opponent to be thrown violently into the boards?
- **25.** A goaltender goes to the players' bench during a stoppage of play for a replacement of his stick? **SRD**
- **26.** A player on the penalty bench hands a stick to a teammate on the ice, whose stick has been broken. **SRD**
- **27.** A player is cross-checked from behind into the boards or the goal net in such a way that the player is unable to protect or defend herself. **SRD**
- 28. The Home Team is on the attack, with # 92 outside the goal crease running a screen on the goaltender. Number 12 of the Visiting Team skates some distance and while in motion, cross checks # 92 from behind dropping him to the ice. SRD
- **29.** When a goal is illegally scored as a result of the puck being deflected off the Referee or Linesman DIRECTLY into the net, where will the resulting face-off be conducted?
- **30.** Team A is short-handed by reason of a Minor penalty. The referee signals a delayed Minor penalty against team B in their attacking zone. Team A intentionally abstains from playing the puck to let the time run out on their penalty. The referee stops play. Where is the face-off?
- **31.** The goaltender races out of the net to beat an attacking player to the puck and simply jumps on the puck causing a stoppage of play. **SRD**
- **32.** A player on the ice becomes involved in a fight with the opposing coach on the bench. The player was the instigator of the fight. **SRD.**
- **33.** A player is involved in the original fight that causes the stoppage of play. When the fight is over, he starts another fight with a different player of the opposing team. What penalties does that player receive?
- **34.** A fight occurs in the neutral zone and, after it has started, all 10 players on the ice as well as the goaltenders become involved in fights in the same zone. No player from either team leaves their bench. **SRD**
- **35.** An attacking player distinctly kicks the puck towards the net, which deflects off a defender's stick into the net. **SRD**
- **36.** The puck is batted forward with the hand, hits the shaft of the stick of the player batting the puck, then goes directly into the opposing goal. **SRD**

- 37. When a player in the neutral zone hand passes the puck back into her defending zone where a teammate gains possession and control of the puck, play would continue. For the purpose of this rule, is the position of the puck, or of the player's skates used to determine which zone the player is in when the hand pass is completed?
- **38.** What penalty(ies) shall be assessed to a player who injures an opponent by 'Butt-End Hooking'?
- **39.** A stick is lying on the ice and an attacking player kicks the stick which in turn hits the puck. Subsequently the puck goes directly into the goal. **SRD**
- **40.** A player of Team "A" received a Minor penalty at 8:30. At 7:00, due to the timekeeper's error, the player left the penalty box. At 6:40, Team "A" scored. At 5:50, the next stoppage of play, the timekeeper's error was discovered and reported to the Referee. **SRD**
- **41.** A player of team A is assessed a minor at 3:30. At 2:00 he leaves the penalty box by his own error. At 1:15 his team scores. **SRD**
- **42.** On a stoppage of play, Team A8 comes off the players' bench on a player change. Before play resumes he becomes involved in a fight with Team B6. What penalties are assessed if a fight takes place with Team B6 being the instigator?
- **43.** With 1:20 remaining in the third period, two players, one from each team, are assessed Minor penalties (coincidental). The are sent to their respective dressing rooms without incident. With 3 seconds left in the game, a fight breaks out on the ice and one of the players that left with 1:20 remaining comes back on the ice and gets involved in the fight(s), he is the first player to come on the ice. What penalties does he receive.
- **44.** An attacking player straddling the attacking blue line, takes a pass on his stick in the neutral zone. He then brings the skate which was in the neutral zone over the line while the puck is still on his stick in the neutral zone. He then pulls the puck over the blue line. **SRD**
- **45.** Team "A" is already shorthanded when another delayed penalty is signaled against Team "A". Team "B", wishing to have a stoppage of play, pushes the puck towards a Team "A" player who refuses to play the puck. **SRD**
- **46.** A team was withdrawn from the ice in overtime but returns within two minutes after being ordered to do so by the Referee. **SRD**.
- **47.** A player or team official refuses to leave the bench or playing area after he has been assessed a Game Misconduct. **SRD**

- **48.** A goaltender throws his stick at the puck in his own defending zone. The puck is not in the possession of an attacking player and was last in possession of a defending player. **SRD**
- **49.** What penalties are assessed, at the discretion of the Referee, based upon degree of violence of impact, when a player is checked to the head in any manner?
- **50.** In a game being played using the optional rules for Junior and Senior hockey, two opposing players are fighting. Later in the same stoppage team A #8 starts a fight with team B #11. A8 was the instigator. What penalties are assessed to A8 and B11.

## HOCKEY ALBERTA REFEREES' COUNCIL LEVEL 4/5 EXAM ANSWERS

**Note:** Questions are either all right or all wrong unless it states half marks can be applied. If part of the answer is missing, the answer is wrong.

- 1. Rule 18e. NO.
- 2. Rule 18 (f) Situation 3. Assess the captain a Minor penalty for delay of game.
- 3. Rule 19 Situation 5b. Award a goal.
- **4.** Rule 20 (g). **Yes**
- **5.** Rule 21 (b)(c). **No action.** Stick curvature cannot be measured.
- 6. Rule 24 Situation 3. Remove the player from the ice and allow a substitute only for that player.
- 7. Rule 24 Situation 4. Stop play immediately and award a penalty shot to replace the lost scoring opportunity. ½ marks if they forgot stop play immediately.
- 8. Rule 28 Situation 20. Teams play 4 on 4. Penalties are not coincidental.
- **9.** Rule 28 Situation 21. **The player serves the minor for hooking**. There is no game ejection.
- **10.** Rule 30 Situation 9. **Team B is 1 player short for 7 minutes for B11**. The penalty is to be served by a substitute from the ice. ½ marks if they didn't state B11.
- 11. Rule 30 Situation 11. Team B is 1 man short for 2 minutes. **B8 serves the minor**.
- 12. Rule 30 Situation 12. A6 receives 2 Majors and 2 Game Misconducts. B12 receives 1 Major and Game Misconduct. A substitute from the ice serves the 5 minute time penalty for team A.
- 13. Rule 35 Situation 2.
  - 1. The player must have control of the puck
  - 2. Puck must be in neutral or attacking zone.
  - 3. No defending player to pass except goalie.
  - 4. The player must be fouled from behind.
  - 5. The player must be denied a reasonable scoring opportunity.
- 14. Rule 35 Situation 7. NO.
- 15. Rule 36 Situation 5. Award a penalty shot.

- 16. Rule 36 Situation 6. Assess a Minor penalty.
- 17. Rule 37 Situation 4. Assess a Minor penalty to the goalie to be served by a player on the ice at the time.
- 18. Rule 38(c) #12 at 6:30, sub for #10 at 2:50, #4 at 3:00, sub for #8 at 2:50.
- 19. Rule 39 Situation 5. Goal cancels the minor being served. Assess the delayed minor plus a minor to the player that threw the stick.
- 20. Rule 39 Situation 10. The goal washes out the delayed minor to A6.
- 21. Rule 42 Situation 8. Yes if it is a Major plus GM or a Match.
- 22. Rule 47 Situation 8. Misconduct Penalty.
- **23.** Rule 49 (d). **Minor** or Major and GM. *Full marks for minor*.
- **24.** Rule 50(a) **Minor or Major and GM**, Major and GM if injury. ½ marks for minor.
- **25.** Rule 51 (e). **Team must substitute for the goalie or receive a Minor penalty.** ½ marks for minor penalty.
- 26. Rule 51 Situation 1. Minor penalty to player receiving stick.
- **27.** Rule 53(b). **Match penalty** for checking from Behind.
- **28.** Rule 53 Clarification 5. **Minor plus GM or Major plus GM.** Major and GM if injury. ½ marks for minor plus GM.
- 29. Rule 57 (i). At the nearest end zone face off dot.
- 30. Rule 57 Situation 12. At the nearest end zone face off dot of team A.
- **31.** Rule 58 Situation 3. **Minor penalty to goalkeeper** to be served by player on the ice at the time of the infraction.
- **32.** Rule 59 Situation 6. **Assess player and coach Gross Misconducts.** *No marks if they assess an instigator penalty.*
- **33.** Rule 59 Situation 8. **2+5+5+GM+GM+GM** (Major and GM for 1<sup>st</sup> fight, Minor (instigator) and Major and GM for 2<sup>nd</sup> fight and additional GM for another fight in same stoppage). <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> marks if all correct but forgot instigator.
- 34. Rule 59 Situation 16. 1<sup>st</sup> pair get Majors and GM's. All others get Majors and double GM's. In addition goalies get Minors as well. ½ marks if no minors to goalies.

- **35.** Rule 60(c). **No goal.**
- **36.** Rule 61(e). **No goal.**
- **37.** Rule 61 Situation 7. **Position of the puck.**
- 38. Rule 64d. Major and Game Misconduct.
- **39.** Rule 69 Situation 2. **No goal. Minor** for interference to player who kicked the stick.
- **40.** Rule 70 Situation 12. **Dissallow the goal and send the player back to the penalty box for 30 seconds.**
- **41.** Rule 70 Situation 14. **No Goal. Player is sent back to serve 30 seconds plus additional minor** for leaving penalty box. *No marks if goal is allowed.*
- 42. Rule 70 Situation 16. A8: Major plus GM, B6: Minor (instigator) plus Major plus GM.
- 43. Rule 70 Situation 17. **Double Minor and Game Misconduct for being first player** off bench plus Gross Misconduct for penalized player returning to ice from dressing room.
- **44.** Rule 72 Situation 14 No offside.
- **45.** [Rule 74 Situation 1. **Allow play to continue.** Team A does not have to play the puck.
- **46.** Rule 78(a). **Major and Game Misconduct to the coach, plus Penalty Shot awarded to the other team.**
- 47. Rule 78(e). Allow the game to continue and report the incident to the President.
- **48.** Rule 82 Situation 3. Award a penalty shot to the other team to be taken by any player who was on the ice. ½ marks if they don't say who takes the shot.
- 49. Rule 86(a). Minor and Misconduct or Major and Game Misconduct or Match.
- 50. Junior and Senior Supplement Rule 59. A8: Minor plus Misconduct (instigator) plus Major (fighting) plus Game Misconduct (2<sup>nd</sup> fight at stoppage). B11: Major and Game Misconduct.