

PLAYING RULES QUIZ #1

1. The ice surface is divided into which three zones?
 - (A) Offending, Defending, Neutral
 - (B) Attacking, Defending, Neutral
 - (C) Proceeding, Center, Defensive
 - (D) Attacking, Center, Defending

2. A player loses his/her helmet while the play is in progress. Before replacing his/her helmet, he/she participates in the play. The Referee shall:
 - (A) Signal a delayed penalty and assess a Minor penalty
 - (B) Stop play and allow the player to pick up her helmet
 - (C) Stop play immediately and assess the player a Minor penalty
 - (D) Stop play and assess the player a Misconduct penalty

3. When does the Referee use the line change procedure?
 - (A) Every second stoppage
 - (B) Every stoppage
 - (C) Only for face-offs in end zones
 - (D) When the visiting team makes a change

4. In divisions of Atom and below, and Female hockey, if a player intentionally body checks, bumps, shoves or pushes any opposing player, the Referee must assess:
 - (A) Minor penalty
 - (B) Major penalty
 - (C) Match penalty
 - (D) Minor or Major and Game Misconduct penalty

5. What is the determining factor for off-side, when the puck has completely crossed the blue line?
 - (A) Position of the puck
 - (B) Position of the player's skates
 - (C) Position of the player's stick
 - (D) Position of the player's body

6. An attacking player shoots the puck, the puck strikes an official and goes out of the playing surface. Where will the next face-off be conducted?
 - (A) At the face-off dot closest to where the puck struck the official
 - (B) Where the shot was taken from
 - (C) At the neutral zone face-off spot closest to the defending team's end
 - (D) At center ice

7. A goaltender who breaks his/her stick can continue to use it until the next stoppage of play.
 - (A) True
 - (B) False

8. A player or team official deliberately spits on or at an opponent or Referee. What would the Referee do?

- (A) Issue a warning to the player
- (B) Assess a Bench Minor
- (C) Assess a Gross Misconduct
- (D) Assess a Match penalty

9. An attacking player kicks the puck directly into the opponent's net. What is the Referee's decision?

- (A) The goal counts
- (B) The goal counts but no assists are given
- (C) The goal counts but only one assist can be given
- (D) The goal does not count

10. A player actually propelling the puck who shall cross the blue line ahead of the puck, shall not be considered off-side, providing he/she is actually in possession and control of the puck with one skate in the neutral zone before crossing the blue line.

- (A) True
- (B) False

11. What penalty is assessed to a player who injures an opponent due to a hold, hook or trip?

- (A) Minor Penalty
- (B) Minor or Major penalty at the discretion of the Referee
- (C) Major penalty
- (D) Major and Game Misconduct penalty

12. With the puck along the boards, a player, who is about to be checked, turns, creating contact from behind. Should a Checking from Behind penalty be assessed?

- (A) No
- (B) Yes

13. When a player is assessed both a Minor and Major penalty at the same stoppage of play, which penalty is served first?

- (A) Minor
- (B) Major

14. During a fight, the Referee instructs non-involved players to retire to their players' bench or a designated neutral area. Any players who fail to do so, after being instructed by the Referee, shall be assessed:

- (A) No penalty
- (B) Minor penalty
- (C) Game Misconduct penalty
- (D) Misconduct penalty plus any other penalty they may incur

15. A player in the neutral or attacking zone hand passes the puck back into his/her defending zone where a teammate gains possession and control of the puck. The Referee would:

- (A) Stop play and assess a Minor penalty
- (B) Allow play to continue
- (C) Stop play and take the face-off where the puck was received
- (D) Stop play and take the face-off where the puck was passed from